## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT NATIONAL APPLIED RESOURCE SCIENCES CENTER DENVER FEDERAL CENTER, BUILDING 50 P.O. BOX 25047 DENVER, COLORADO 80225-0047

June 7, 1999

In Reply Refer To:
9112 (RS-110) P

Information Bulletin No. RS-99-094

To: All State Directors

Attn: All State Engineers

From: Director, National Applied Resource Sciences Center

Subject: Design and Construction Specifications for Bridges

Bureau of Land Management Manual Section 9112, Bridges and Major Culverts, provides the responsibilities, policies, and procedures for the planning, design, construction, and maintenance of bridges and major culverts. The objective of this manual section is to provide safe bridges and major culverts under a uniform system of design, construction, and maintenance management. The manual requires that bridges and major culverts be designed in accordance with the latest edition of the "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges," published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). Additionally, the manual requires the use of Federal Highway Administrations's (FHWA) "Standard Specifications for Construction of Roads and Bridges on Federal Highway Projects" for preparing construction or maintenance specifications for bridges and major culverts.

The 1999 Annual Meeting of the AASHTO's Subcommittee on Bridges and Structures was held in San Diego, California, during the week of May 16, 1999. During the meeting, a new bridge design specification, which will replace the "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges," was officially adopted as the basic specification. This new specification is "AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications," which has been under development for 10 years under the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP Project 12-33). The design provisions of the new specification employ the load and resistance factor design (LRFD) methodology and are intended for the design, evaluation, and rehabilitation of highway bridges.

Load and resistance factor design philosophy considers the variability in the properties of structural elements. This is similar to the philosophy of load factor design (LFD) which reflects the variable predictability of certain load types, such as vehicular loads and wind forces, through adjustments to the design factors. LRFD methods will result in improved bridge designs and more accurate analysis methods. This will lead to bridges exhibiting superior serviceability, enhanced long-term maintainability, and more uniform levels of safety.

As the implementation and use of the new LRFD design specification proceeds, the old design specification will be gradually phased out. AASHTO's current "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges, Sixteenth Edition, 1996," which allows the use of either Working Stress Design or Load Factor Design methods, will not be maintained after 1999. Any errors discovered in the specification will be corrected, but additional study or new research to enhance the specification will not be undertaken. Despite the implementation of the new LRFD Specification, however, the Standard Specification will remain a viable standard to use for bridge design until it eventually becomes obsolete.

Specifications currently used for construction of roads and bridges are printed in FHWA's "Standard Specifications for Construction of Roads and Bridges on Federal Highway Projects." The current edition is FP-96 which was issued in 1996. International System of Units (SI) is used in this publication as required by Public Law 100-418 (1988 Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act) and Executive Order 12770 (Metric Usage in Federal Government Programs). However, metric designs by various state departments of transportation are actually declining because of the reluctance of industry to make changes and the enactment of laws in some states prohibiting metric designs. Only about 50 percent of the states are currently designing roads and bridges in metric units. FHWA plans to issue a revised edition of its Standard Specifications in 2003. This edition will be printed in two volumes, one volume in the International System of Units and one volume in Customary U.S. (English) Units. Until the new edition is printed, either FP-96 or the older 1992 edition of the Standard Specification, FP-92, which is written in English units, can be used for BLM projects.

Please direct any questions or comments to Keith Christiansen, NARSC Architecture and Engineering Group, at (303) 987-6853.

Signed by:
Lee Barkow, Director
National Applied Resource
Sciences Center

Authenticated by: Rheda Dodd Staff Assistant

## <u>Distribution</u>

WO-360, LS, Rm. 504 RS-150, BLM Library NI-100, Reading File